

Cross-compartment Virtio-loopback: A bare-metal virtualization solution for the edge



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An Artificial **I**ntelligent **A**ided Unified **N**etwork
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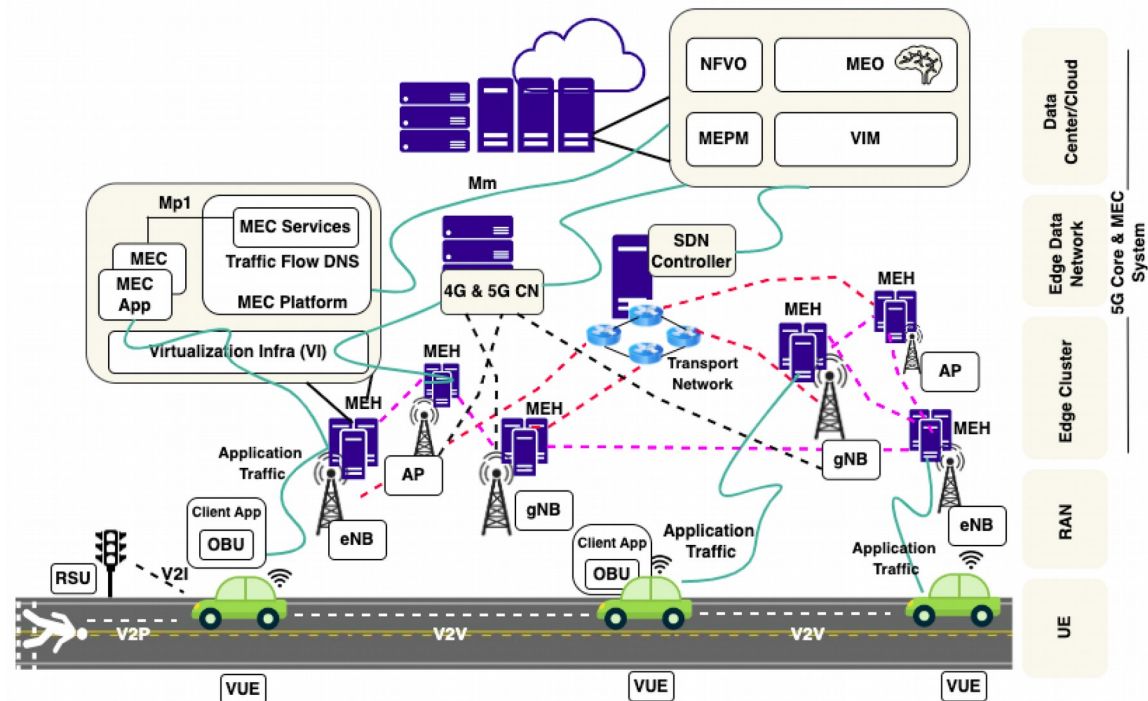


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Cross-compartment Virtio-loopback Scope

- Focus on Multi-access edge-computing (MEC) and Network Functions Virtualization (NFV)
- Cellular V2X scenarios to benefit from Beyond-SoTA NFV-based mechanisms
- Deployment of V2X services as VNFs at the network edge





Cross-compartment Virtio-loopback Objectives

- Re-shape the virtualization environment at the edge
- Provide a **lightweight** and **hardware-isolated** virtualization solution for VNF deployments at edge servers
- Suitable for consolidating Ultra-reliable and Low-latency network services (ITS)



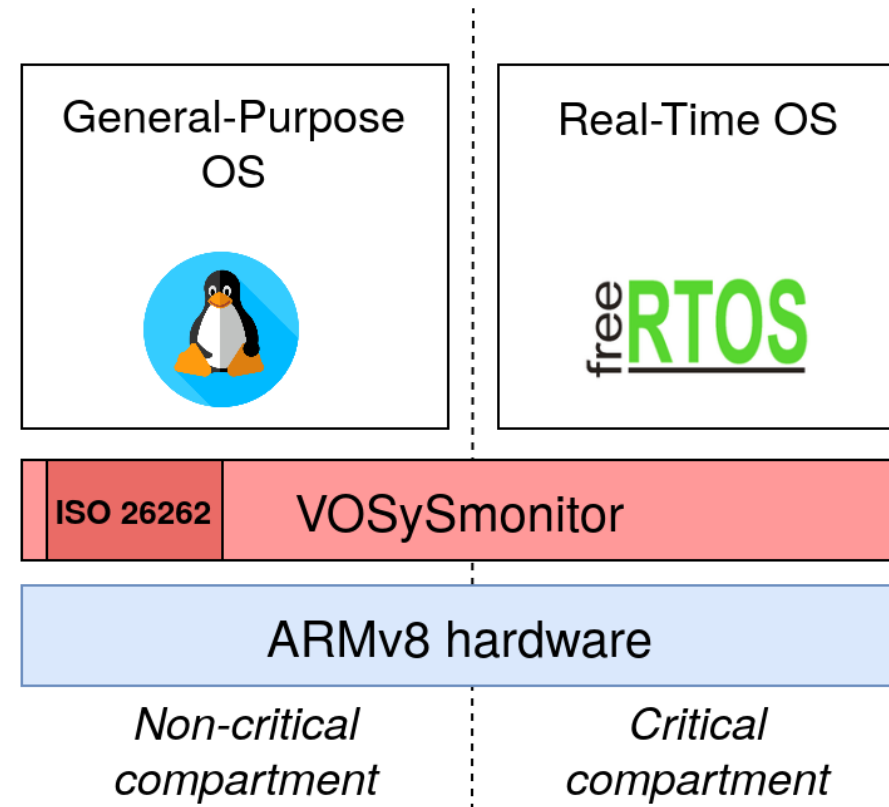
Cross-compartment Virtio-loopback Overview

- Lightweight, bare-metal virtualization solution, aimed for mixed-critical embedded architectures, such as the ARMv8 and the RISCv
- **Compartments:** Operating Systems with different critical levels, able to co-execute isolated in the same embedded hardware
- Reinforcement of edge devices with the ability to **host** the Virtualized Functions at individual Compartments, deployed in a **bare-metal fashion** on the physical hardware



Basic components- VOSySmonitor

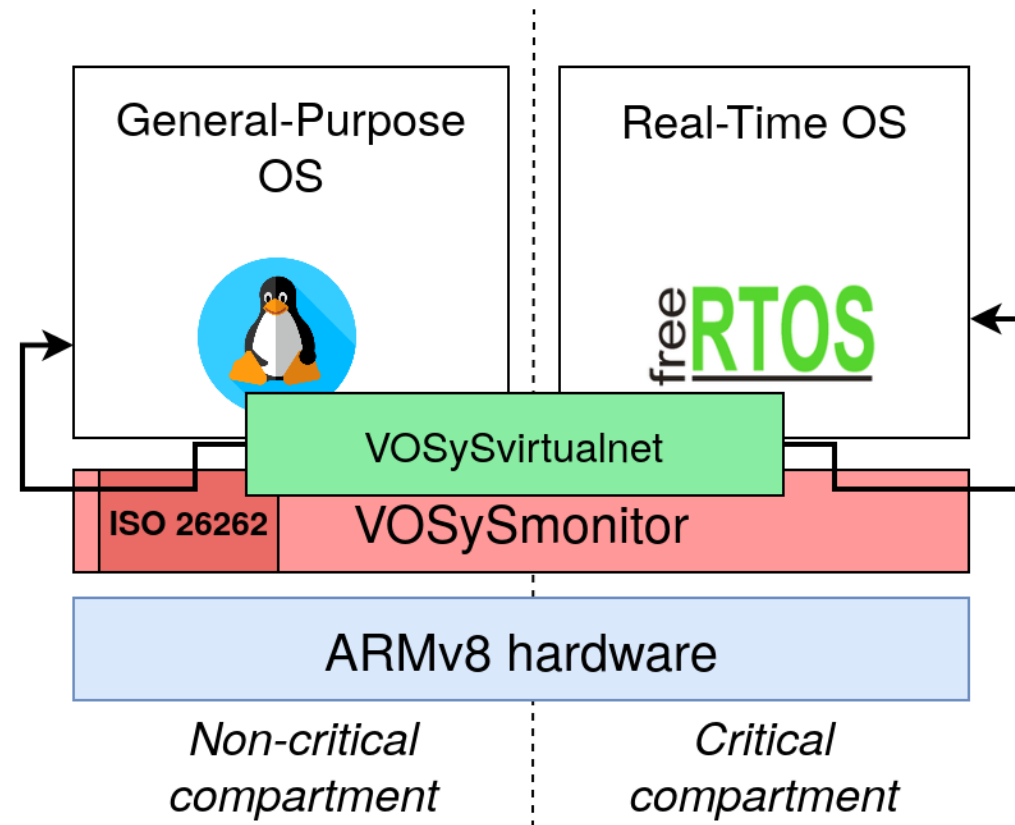
- Highest-privilege low-level firmware for ARMv8 and RISCv
- Enables the concurrent execution of multiple Compartments
- Serves as the **partitioner** of the system resources in the mixed-critical world, and consolidates the different execution environments





Basic components- VOSySVirtualnet

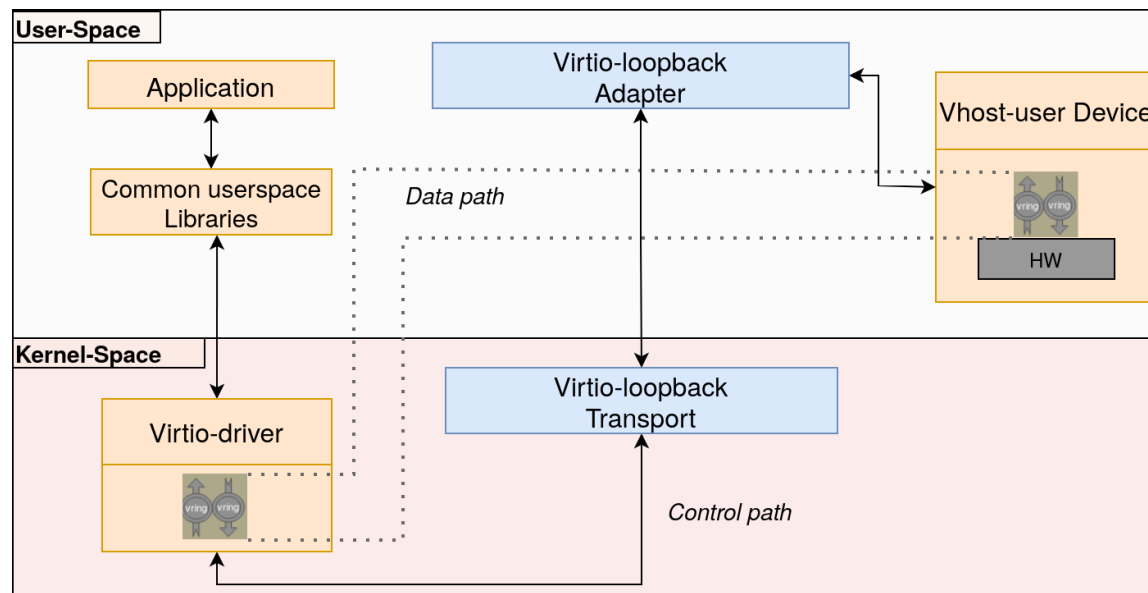
- Minimal **communication link** between Compartments in ARM
- Extends both VOSySmonitor as well as the OSes deployed on the Compartments
- Underlying mechanism to implement the generic Cross-Compartment communication





Basic components- Virtio Loopback

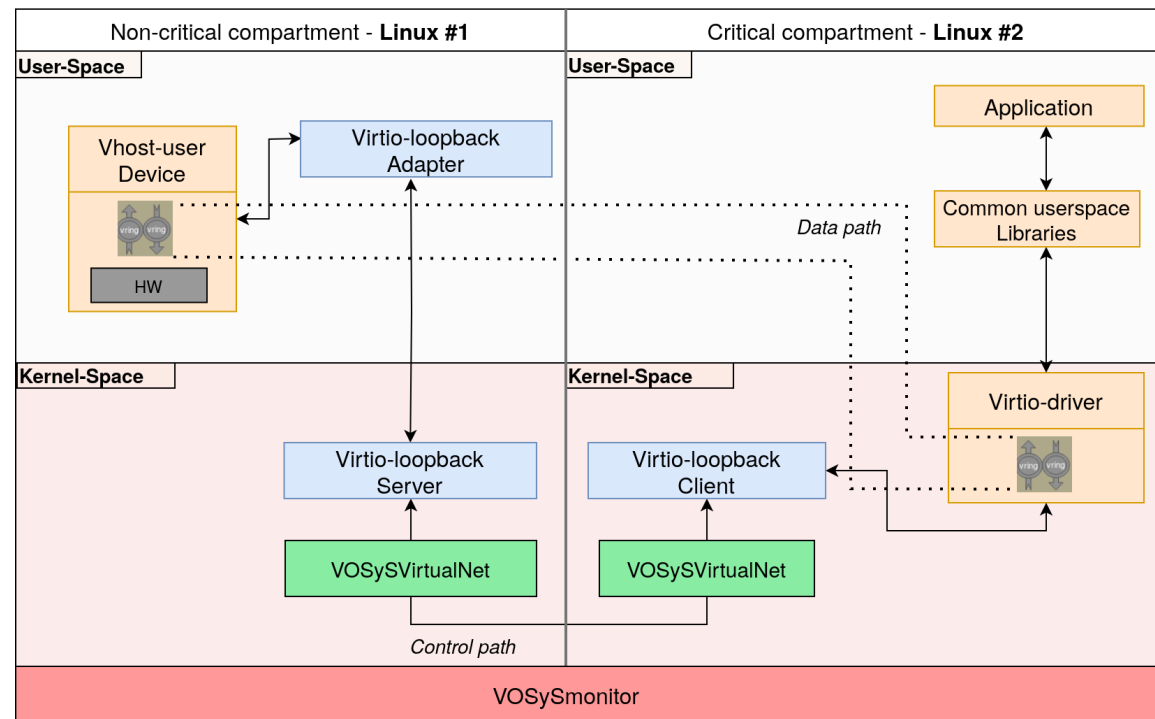
- Open-source HWL built for AGL, aiming to achieve re-usability of existing user-space applications into both Virtualized, Cloud and Bare-metal environments
- Introduces the Virtio standard into Bare-metal environments
- Builds connection between **Virtio drivers** on one end and **Vhost-user devices** on the other
- Sets the basis to decouple the Virtio driver from the Vhost-user device into separate systems





Cross-compartment Virtio-loopback Internals

- PoC with Critical and Non-critical Compartments
- Virtio-loopback introduction of **Client** and **Server** entities
- VOSySmonitor as the system partitioner
- VOSySvirtualnet for the **Control-path** of Virtio-loopback





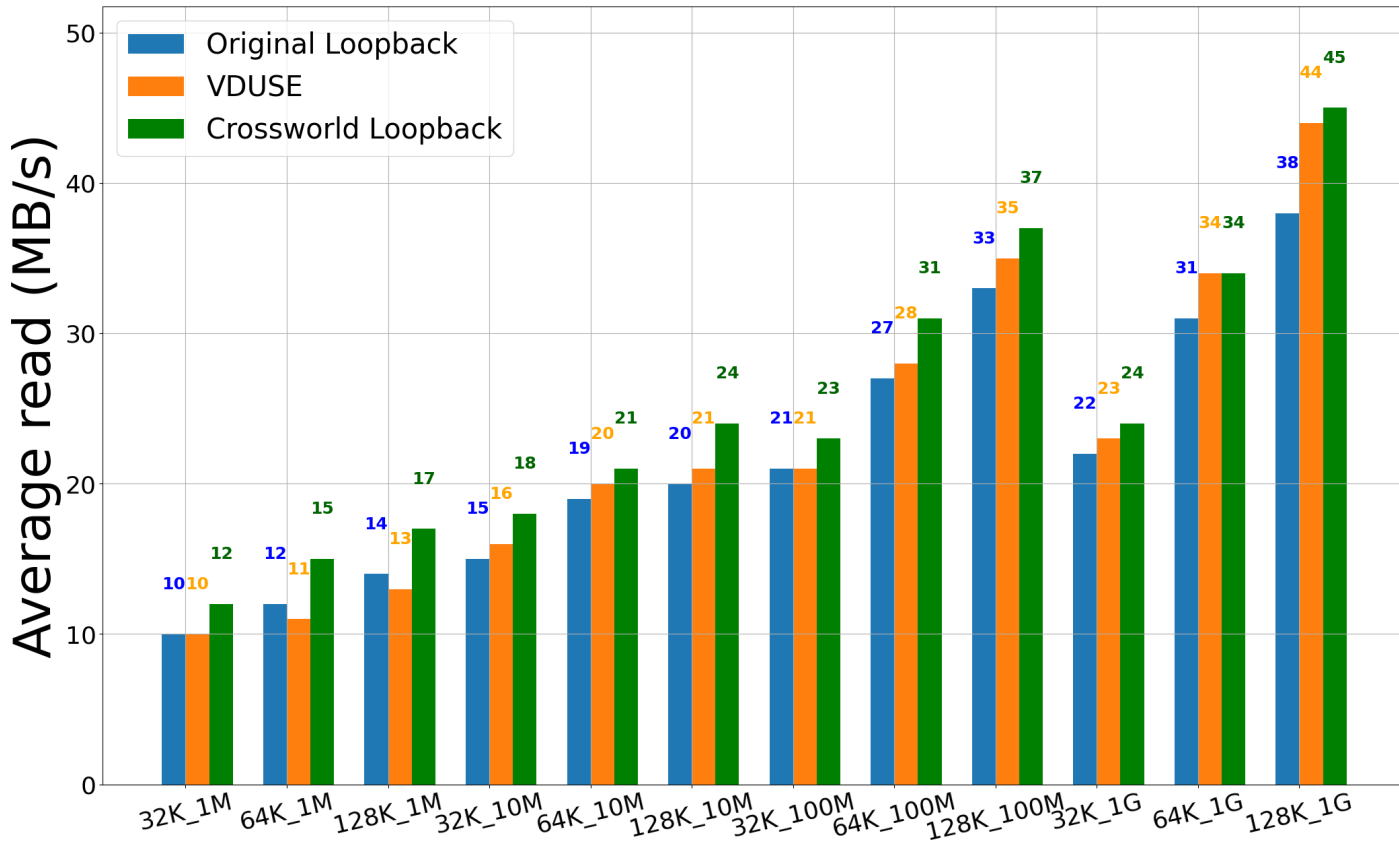
Experimentation environment

- Qemu virt VM setup
- Concurrent execution of two Linux images, one deployed in the non-Critical and the other in the Critical Compartment
- **Virtio-blk** device Fio benchmarks
- Comparing towards the original Virtio-loopback and also VDUSE



Fio benchmark results (1)

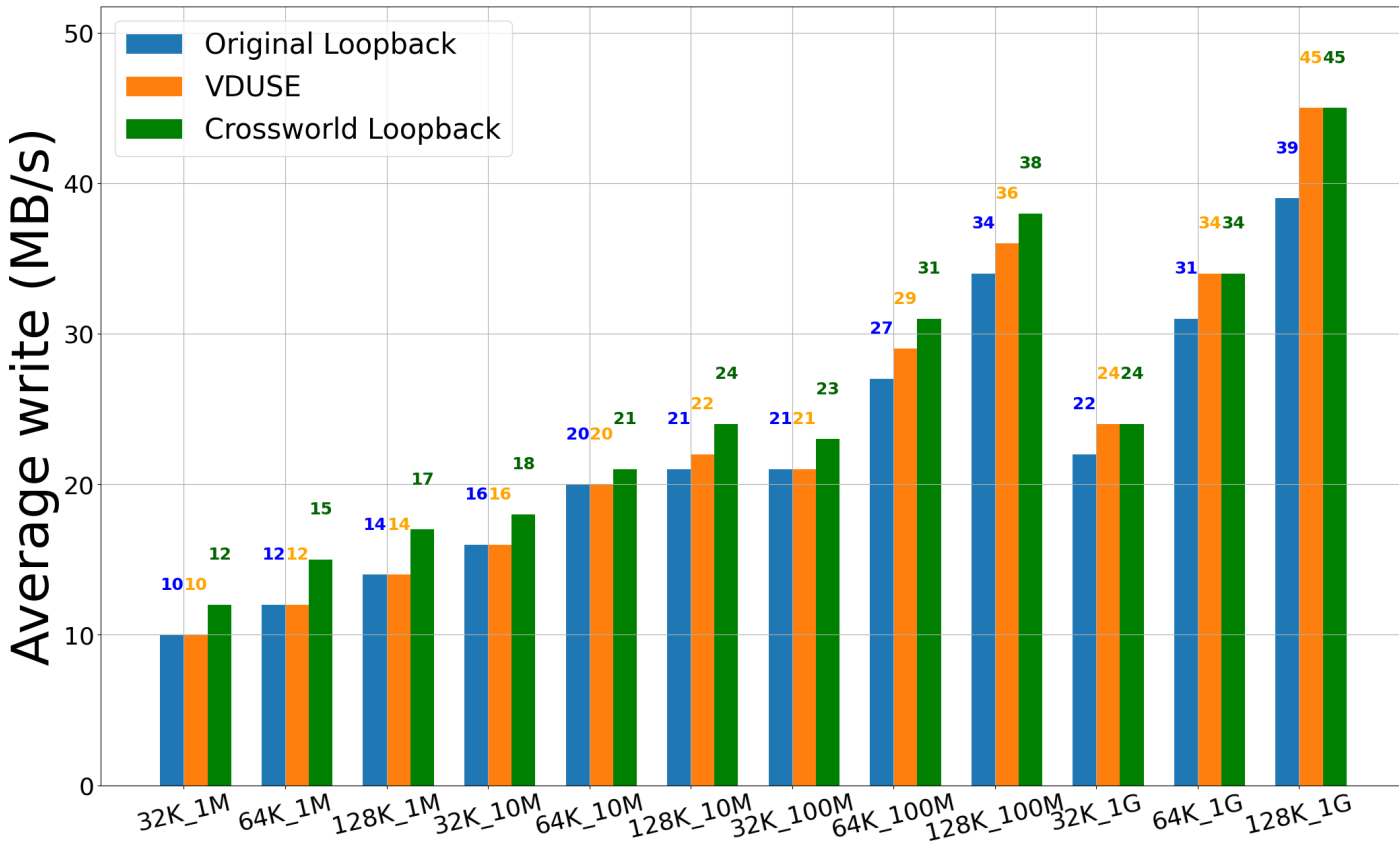
Fio benchmark read operation





Fio benchmark results (2)

Fio benchmark write operation





Conclusions (1)

- Promising results due to **decoupling** of the Client that initiates the requests, from the Server that asynchronously serves them
- **Increased data locality** in the data accesses
 - The data are consumed through a specified Shared-memory region between the Compartments



Conclusions (2)

- Proof that an abstracted VNF interfacing Virtio devices can be deployed to an individual ARMv8 compartment, in a **hardware-isolated** environment that is **spawned directly** in the bare-metal hardware.
- Consolidation of services with real-time and low latency demands, fitting well in the context of the modern, intelligent transportation services deployed in the networked infrastructure upon the cellular V2X interface.



Future directions

- Collection of benchmark results in an ARMv8 SoC
- Adjusting to RISCv architecture
- Integration with high-level network orchestrators (OpenStack and Compute Nova)



Thank you !

Questions ?



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